

Chapter XVI - Of International Law

Chapter in 2 minutes

- Identify place of making, acceptance, endorsement, payment and dishonour, then obtain foreign-law evidence and conflict analysis.
- Primary control: conflict-of-laws gate.
- Map places, governing law, foreign-law proof and forum.
- Apply the exact current section text, amendment history and transaction evidence together.
- Do not confuse a negotiable instrument remedy with automatic proof of the underlying transaction.

Execution gates

- Legally enforceable transaction
- Instrument classification and stamp
- Authority/mandate and custody
- Presentation, return and notice clocks
- Evidence, forum and entity liability
- Settlement, accounting and retention

Provision/control map

Provision	Subject	Control
Section 134	Law governing liability of maker, acceptor or indorser of foreign instrument.	Map every party, capacity, signature, notice, consent, payment and loss before concluding exposure.
Section 135	Law of place of payment governs dishonour.	Create a date-and-service matrix and identify every liable party.
Section 136	Instrument made, etc., out of India, but in accordance with the law of India.	Identify trigger, parties, conditions, exceptions, consequence and linked sections before execution.
Section 137	Presumption as to foreign law.	State the presumed fact, who bears the burden and what evidence can rebut or support it.

Evidence file

Instrument/image; mandate; contract/invoice/delivery; ledger/bank/tax; presentment/return; notice/service; calculations; settlement/orders; source log.

Default response

Freeze timeline; verify debt and authority; preserve originals; validate bank memo; calculate statutory/civil clocks; decide cure, notice, settlement and filing.