

# Chapter V — Liability, Holding Out, Fraud and Whistleblowing

## Chapter in 2 minutes

- Separate LLP obligations from partner exposure, test actual/apparent authority, and apply the fraud and whistleblower exceptions.
- Test authority, course of business, counterparty knowledge, fraud and personal conduct before assuming limited liability.
- Read every section with the amended Rules, current MCA form and the LLP agreement.
- Authority, source evidence, State stamp/registration and cross-law effects are separate closing gates.
- A portal acknowledgement is evidence of filing—not a substitute for legal accuracy or complete transaction documentation.

## Mandatory execution gates

- Current Act + amended Rule/form
- Agreement and authority
- State stamp/registration
- Tax/GST/FEMA/IBC overlay
- Evidence + filing acknowledgement
- Forum/limitation on default

## Provision / control map

| Provision | Subject                              | Control                                                                                                                                           |
|-----------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| 26        | Partner as agent                     | Reconcile agreement, consent, authority, valuation, payment/vesting, capital account, tax and statutory filing.                                   |
| 27        | Extent of liability of LLP           | Use delegated-authority limits, counterparty verification, insurance and incident reporting.                                                      |
| 28        | Extent of liability of partner       | Reconcile agreement, consent, authority, valuation, payment/vesting, capital account, tax and statutory filing.                                   |
| 29        | Holding out                          | Apply the chapter gate: Test authority, course of business, counterparty knowledge, fraud and personal conduct before assuming limited liability. |
| 30        | Unlimited liability in case of fraud | Escalate suspected deception, stop dissipation, preserve devices/data, obtain privilege and isolate conflicted persons.                           |
| 31        | Whistle blowing                      | Apply the chapter gate: Test authority, course of business, counterparty knowledge, fraud and personal conduct before assuming limited liability. |

## Evidence file

Stamped agreement; consents/KYC; approvals; forms/attachments; SRN/ challan; books/bank/tax; contracts and delivery; notices/orders; source/ version log.

## Default response

Stop continuing loss; legal hold; verify authority and facts; issue notice; correct public records; calculate exposure; preserve mitigation; select statutory/ADR forum.