Chapter II-AA - Stock Exchange, Depository and Securities Transactions

Apply the centralised securities stamp-duty collection mechanism to exchange, off-market, issue, transfer and depository events.

Chapter in 2 Minutes

Classify the instrument and controlling State/UT first. Duty follows legal substance, statutory value, current Schedule, amendments and authorised payment method. Preserve a transaction-date source and evidence pack.

Controlled provision map

Provision	Subject	Status
S. 9A	Instruments chargeable with duty for transactions in stock exchanges and depositories	CENTRAL SECURITIES REGIME
S. 9B	Instruments chargeable with duty for transactions otherwise than through stock exchanges and depositories	CENTRAL SECURITIES REGIME

Implementation and example

A securities issue or transfer is processed through a depository, but the transaction type, consideration, buyer/transferor, domicile State and corporate action are not consistently coded. The control must prevent duplicate or missed collection.

Core controls

1. Classify instrument, State and transaction. 2. Verify rate, market value, exemption and linked documents. 3. Approve duty calculation and lawful payment. 4. Execute and preserve certificate. 5. Manage adjudication, cure, refund and limitation.

Evidence checklist

Official source pack; classification memo; value working; authority; final instrument; e-stamp/franking proof; registration/filing; impounding/refund/appeal record; tax and accounting reconciliation.

Legal-use note

Exact State rate and procedure are not uniform. Verify signed Gazette and transaction-date law.